

An Empirical Analysis of Yield Curves across Euro and Non-Euro Countries Using Interbank Interest Rates

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Abstract

This paper studies the interrelations among yield curve factors, market expectations and monetary policy rates using interbank interest rates across Euro- and non-Euro countries. The interbank yield curve can be summarized by the level and slope factor, whereas curvature is not a common feature of interbank rates. Interbank rates are first modelled in an equilibrium framework using a two-factor CIR (1985) model, and Kalman filter is used to extract the two factors under the no-arbitrage restriction. Impulse response analysis shows that German factors and forecast errors have the biggest influence on those factors from other markets, and that yield slope is a useful variable for capturing market expectations. Based on the estimated factors, theoretical yields implied by the Expectations Hypothesis match remarkably well the movements of monetary policy rates, building a consistent link between yield curve factors and macroeconomic variables and providing a consistency between the no-arbitrage yield curve modelling approach and the Expectations Hypothesis approach.

JEL classification: E43; C33; C53

Keywords: term structure; CIR; Kalman filter; impulse response; yield curve; yield slope; Expectations Hypothesis

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